



This is how it works.

FFP2 and FFP3 masks are punched out of large rolls of non-wovens during production, and are then processed further in the next step. This punching process leaves behind residual material. Normally, this excess material is collected and disposed of as hazardous waste.

However, since the material is polypropylene, there is a fundamental question: Why create hazardous waste when it could be reused as part of the production of plastic articles and thus returned to the cycle?

Therefore, the solution is actually obvious: The residues from mask production – consisting of polypropylene – are collected, recycled and returned to the production process. This creates wonderful new objects such as frisbees or reusable coffee cups.

The result.

The result of this smart recycling process is plastic articles that are made from upcycling PP. This gives you two advantages in one, the new products are obtained in a way that saves resources and at the same time contribute to reducing waste. In addition, they are in no way inferior to the classic products in terms of colour, form and function. In addition, they are characterised by a certain something extra:

The good feeling you have because of their environmentally-friendly manufacturing process.

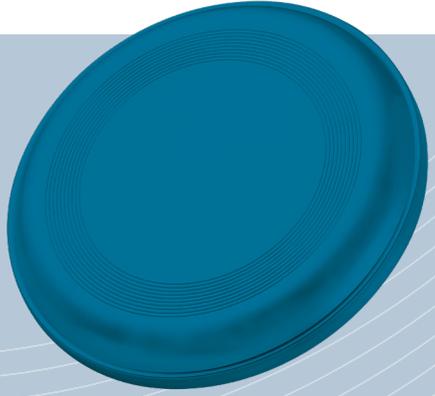


FLYING DISC

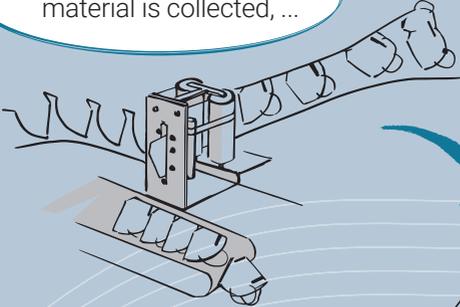
#UP CYCLING



Quality
Made in
Germany.



Excess non-woven
material is collected, ...



...prepared,
processed into granules and ...



...added to conventional
plastic production.

